

LOYOLA UNIVERSITY MARYLAND

***GIFT ACCEPTANCE
POLICIES AND PROCEDURES***

OFFICE OF ADVANCEMENT

Office of Advancement

Gift Acceptance Policies and Procedures

Table of Contents

General Principles

Responsibility

General Considerations

Office of the President

Office of Advancement

Office of Advancement

2

2

2

Contents

own in the donated property to save the institution may decide to decline the gift in such cases however the prospective donor should be encouraged to consider a gift in an alternative form

Responsibility

General Considerations

Gift acceptance decisions are a University matter. The Board of Trustees has authorized the Vice President for Finance and Treasurer to accept gifts on behalf of the University. Although University officials soliciting gifts can and should consult with the appropriate offices of the University or outside experts, gift acceptance entails the final responsibility of the Office of the Vice President for Finance and Treasurer.

The University's obligation is to inform, guide and otherwise assist the donor in fulfilling his or her wish to benefit the institution in the solicitation and acceptance of gifts. The University shall conduct its affairs in a way that is ethical and consistent with its status as a tax exempt organization under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Service.

The Office of the Vice President for Finance and Treasurer (OVPFT or VPFT)

Under University policy the Office of the Vice President for Finance and Treasurer of the University is responsible for the management and disposal of University property. This

Gift Acceptance Procedures

Outright Gifts

Outright gifts of U.S. currency checks with electronic payment deduction usually pose no difficulty for gift acceptance and are recorded at actual cash value.

2. To ensure compliance with the donor's wishes and proper processing, outright gifts should be accompanied by a written statement of purpose indicating the University unit for which the gift is intended, if any, and any es.

a The donor should send the unendorsed certificates to

The Office of Planned Giving
Loyola University Maryland
Office of Advancement
North Charles Street
Baltimore MD 21202

Phone: 410-516-2000 Fax: 410-516-2022

The development office should prepare a transmittal letter for the donor's signature stating the designation of the gift if any

c Under separate cover to the same address the donor should send a stock and power of attorney to the Office of Planned Giving on the donor's behalf. The donor must sign the power with a guaranteed signature. The signature on the stock and power must exactly match the name on the certificate

d If the certificates have been endorsed they should be delivered by courier only and to the address above

The donor may also inform a development office of his or her willingness to make a gift of securities by electronic transfer. The development office should contact the Office of Planned Giving to coordinate the transfer process

a The development office should prepare a letter for the donor's signature stating the designation of the gift if any which letter should be sent to the donor prior to the transfer with a return envelope

The development office should follow up with the Director of Advancement Services to confirm that the gift has been received

Page 2 of 2

f A disclosure statement signed by the potential donor reflecting any and all carrying costs including but not limited to taxes insurance association dues membership fees and transfer charges

A title insurance commitment issued by a reputable title insurance company showing the exact title in the donor fee and details of encumbrances No gift of real estate may be accepted until all donor's deeds of trust liens and other encumbrances have been discharged

h An analysis of the financial ability of the property

i A phase - environmental assessment by a qualified engineer equated for the estimated costs of a class of type indication that ownership will not expose the University to environmental liability

j A report of the on site visual inspection by a qualified campus representative consultant This inspection should include observation of the adjacent property and surrounding area

A review of existing leases for commercial property

l A structural engineer in report where appropriate

Evidence of compliance with the American with Disabilities Act where applicable

Unless waived by the Vice President for Advancement the donor shall be responsible for all costs related to the environmental impact study title search exact title study and any and all other equated reports in the event the donor fails to pay such expenses they shall be deducted from the value of the gift

The Gift Acceptance Committee shall review this proposal and make a recommendation to the V.P. The V.P. shall determine whether the gift should be accepted if the estimated fair market value of the gift equals or exceeds the consent of the President of the University also shall be equated if a gift of real property is accepted the V.P. shall notify OA University Counsel and the Controller OA will record the appraised value of the property as a gift

University Counsel shall review any documents deeds studies or reports related to the proposed gift in connection with the transfer of real property to the University the donor shall be equated to make the following warranties and representations in writing

a He or she is the rightful owner of the property

No violations of state local or federal law exist on the property

- c No conditions or restrictions exist within the title
- d There are no unencumbered rights of way easements or encumbrances attached to the property
- e There are no contracts or other donative commitments to other individuals or corporations or groups attached to the property
- f The property is neither the subject of nor threatened with litigation

The development office shall inform the donor of the decision of the V.P. and any equitable modifications to the proposed gift


Loyola shall not provide the donor with a value of the gift for IRS reporting purposes. The donor shall be responsible for obtaining a qualified appraisal of the property to attach to the donor's income tax return when the University receives a Form 709 from the donor. The Director of Development Services is responsible for executing the form.

Gifts of Tangible Personal Property

Tangible personal property includes but is not limited to such items as

- Books
- Jewelry
- Automobiles
- Films, video tapes, DVD's and digital recordings
- Boats
- Electronics
- Computer equipment
- Bicycles
- Antiques
- Furniture
- Works of Art and Antiques
- Manuscripts and Archival Materials

2. A gift of tangible personal property should be accepted only when a review indicates that the property is readily available and can be used by the University in a manner related to its exempt purposes. For example, if a proposed gift is of scholarly interest or of other educational use to the University, it may be accepted and retained as part of the University's collection. Gifts of little educational value or those of purely historical or literary or scientific significance should be discouraged. If a gift of tangible personal property is accepted, but the property is not of interest or use to the University, the property will properly be sold and the responsibility of the development office to

info  the dono whethe the Un'ive s'ity plans to e

An estimate of storage costs and any other expenses related to accepting the proposed gift. No person shall be permitted to operate the property that would require special facilities or security to be properly safe unless the gift is accepted without the prior review and approval of the V.P.

- c. A brief statement of its educational value
- d. The endowment of the designated University officials
- e. An assessment of the possibility of any adverse publicity for the University if the gift is accepted
- f. Any special requirements or stipulations requested by the donor

A qualified appraisal supplied by the donor if the value of the gift is estimated to be more than the estimated value is less than a knowledgeable University official can provide an estimate

The Gift Acceptance Committee will make a recommendation to the V.P. regarding the gift. The V.P. will decide whether the University will accept the gift and inform the Director of Planned Giving of his/her decision

- 2. The Director of Planned Giving will notify OA, the University Counsel and the Controller of the Gift Advancement Services will record the appraised value of the gift

Loyola shall not provide the donor with a value of the gift for IRS reporting purposes. The donor shall be responsible for obtaining a qualified appraisal of the property to attach to the donor's income tax return when the University receives a report of the donor. The Director of Advancement Services is responsible for executing the form if the property is sold within two years of the date listed. The Director of Advancement Services upon receipt of the sale information from the V.P. shall prepare and file IRS Form 709 and forward a copy of the same to the Controller's office.

If the estimated value of property the University does not intend to retain is greater than and if the estate special concerns are raised, Loyola has a duty to sell the property or attempt to sell it prior to sale then the development office shall submit a proposal to the Gift Acceptance Committee shall be to the one described above. In assessing the desirability of the property but which shall also include an assessment of the estate's ability of the property.

Gifts of Other Assets

Other assets include

- Manuscript notes
- Intellectual property, patents, royalties, trademarks and copyrights
- Professional practices, medical records
- Partnerships
- Stock in closely held or private corporations

The difficulty inherent in establishing the acceptability of this class of assets places additional importance on a thorough review of such gift proposals by the Gift Acceptance Committee. In particular, the VFA will evaluate the acceptability of the gift the potential

shall first be reviewed and approved as to form and substance by the Vice President for Advancedment of his/her desire and if appropriate the University Counsel

Types of planned gifts are described below

1. Bequest in Will

A bequest is a gift made to the University in a donor's will or revocable trust. Bequests may provide for a gift of a specific dollar amount, specific securities or accounts, particular pieces of real or personal property, or a percentage of the residue of the estate, or the balance of the decedent's probate estate after payment of debts, taxes, expenses and specific requests.

Bequests may be given as unrestricted or restricted gifts. Unrestricted bequests may be used for the general purposes of the University and can be applied to current needs. At the decedent's direction, bequests may be used to establish and fund an unrestricted endowment fund. The spendable amount from an unrestricted endowment fund may be used for the University's general purposes or the appropriate officer or governing body may designate the purpose and use of such a fund. A restricted bequest supports a certain purpose proposed by the donor. The restriction should be contained in the will or Revocable Trust. A bequest may also be made to an existing fund established for a specific need of the University so long as the terms and conditions of the existing fund so permit.

The University may be named as a contingent beneficiary under a will and in that event will receive a bequest only in the event certain events occur or fail to occur. For example, the decedent could provide that in the event he/she is not survived by any descendants, the University shall receive the balance of the estate.

Donors may also establish a will or a charitable remainder trust or charitable lead trust. See below.

Gifts may be made to the University through the execution of a new will or Revocable Trust or by a Codicil or Amendment, respectively, thereto.

2. Charitable Remainder Trusts

A charitable remainder trust is established by an irrevocable gift to a trustee made during the donor's lifetime or following the donor's death. The primary feature of a charitable remainder trust is that it provides for periodic payments of a fixed percentage, not less than 5% of the value of the trust assets to the donor and another person specified by the donor for life or a specified term of years, not to exceed 20 years, which the trust assets pass to the University. The most common forms of charitable remainder trusts are Charitable Remainder Annuity Trusts (CRATs) and Charitable Remainder Unitrusts (CRUTs). The significant difference between a CRAT and a CRUT is that the annual payment from a CRAT is a fixed percentage of the value of the trust assets on

payment of the CRU is calculated by applying the fixed percentage to the value of the trust valued annually

A charitable remainder trust may be funded with cash appreciated securities or a combination of both. Additional contributions may be made to a CRU, but no additional contributions may be made to a CRA.

During the donor's lifetime the trust assets are

A charitable lead trust may be funded with cash appreciated securities or a contribution of other property. The University will not serve as the trustee of a charitable lead trust.

Charitable lead trusts shall not be accepted without the prior review and approval of the trustee. The Vice President for Advancement and if appropriate University Counsel. Given the complexity and legal issues related to the establishment of a charitable lead trust, the donor should be advised to obtain independent professional advice prior to creating such a trust.

No receive credit for a gift to a charitable lead trust benefiting Loyola if the trust is funded with the gift.

5. Life Insurance Policies

Development offices who are in possession of proposed gifts of life insurance policies should inform the Vice President of OA and the Director of Planned Giving.

2. A gift of life insurance to be accepted by the University the following criteria must be met:

a. Loyola University Maryland and trust are designated as the sole owner and beneficiary of the policy.

The policy is not a term policy in whole or in part.

c. The policy should insure only the life of the donor, the donor's spouse or another person solely the same as the donor and should be paid up policies.

d. If the policy is paid up at the date of gift, the University should record the gift as follows: i. If the donor is less than 71 years of age, the policy will be counted at the net present value less reserve as a current outright gift and ii. If the donor is 71 years of age or older, the policy will be counted at the death benefit value.

paid up whole life policies of any amount may be donated.

If the policy is not paid up at the date of the gift, the following requirements apply:

a. The policy must be whole life on an individual.

The donor, spouse, and/or other policy owner must have a face value of at least \$10,000 and with the usual premium payments be paid up in five years or less. The donor, spouse, and/or other policy owner must have a face value of at least \$25,000 and with the usual premium payments be paid up in five years or less.

Other Assets

Planned Gift Minutes

Charitable Reimbursements 2

Pool of Income Funds Unit Gift
Addition Gifts

Gift Annuities

Charitable Lead Trusts

Naming Opportunities

Opportunities for naming new or renovated facilities shall be determined and approved by OA and the Vice President. The University shall reserve the right to refuse any naming request of either the donor or the donor's representative if the naming would reflect negatively on the University's public image or otherwise conflict with the ethical, educational and other obligations under principles of the University's honor code.

The members of the Gift Acceptance Committee may submit to the Committee such revisions and amendments to these policies as they deem necessary. Any proposed changes will be reviewed by the entire Gift Acceptance Committee and must be approved by a majority vote of the members.

The Vice President for Advancement shall be responsible for dissemination and review of this policy periodically within OA.

The Director of Planned Giving will be responsible for dissemination and review of this policy periodically with appropriate University officials outside OA.

It is recommended that such reviews occur no less than every two years.